**Child poverty map of the UK**



**November 2016**



**Compilation of child poverty local indicators, update to December 2015**

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**Where child poverty is highest**

In the UK, over one in four children are living in poverty once housing costs have been deducted from their income. According to official child poverty data ([HBAI – table 4.14ts](https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/households-below-average-income-199495-to-201415)), the proportion below 60 per cent of median income after housing costs rose from 27 per cent in 2012/13 to 29 per cent in 2014/15.

Estimates of local child poverty rates show that it is the highest in large cities, particularly in London, Birmingham and Manchester. As Table 1 illustrates, among the twenty parliamentary constituencies with the highest levels of childhood poverty, seven are located in London, three in Birmingham, and three in Manchester. Birmingham Ladywood has the highest figures of child poverty with 47 per cent, followed by Manchester Central with 45 per cent, and both Poplar and Limehouse and Birmingham Hodge Hill with almost 44 per cent. There are also important pockets of child poverty in areas of Leeds, Liverpool, Middlesbrough, Sheffield, Nottingham, and Glasgow, with figures of around 40 per cent.

**Table 1 Top 20 parliamentary constituencies with highest levels of child poverty across the UK**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Constituency** | **% of children in poverty 2015****(after housing costs)** |
| 1. Birmingham, Ladywood
 | 47.3% |
| 1. Manchester Central
 | 44.8% |
| 1. Poplar and Limehouse
 | 43.7% |
| 1. Birmingham, Hodge Hill
 | 43.7% |
| 1. Bethnal Green and Bow
 | 43.2% |
| 1. Manchester, Gorton
 | 42.0% |
| 1. Leeds Central
 | 41.8% |
| 1. Hackney South and Shoreditch
 | 40.9% |
| 1. Westminster North
 | 40.6% |
| 1. Birmingham, Hall Green
 | 40.5% |
| 1. Blackley and Broughton
 | 40.3% |
| 1. Liverpool, Riverside
 | 40.2% |
| 1. Middlesbrough
 | 39.9% |
| 1. Sheffield, Brightside and Hillsborough
 | 39.7% |
| 1. Vauxhall
 | 39.6% |
| 1. Bermondsey and Old Southwark
 | 39.5% |
| 1. Nottingham East
 | 39.5% |
| 1. Glasgow Central
 | 39.2% |
| 1. Edmonton
 | 39.2% |
| 1. Nottingham North
 | 39.0% |

At the local authority level (Table 2), Manchester as a whole has a higher rate of child poverty than Birmingham (40% vs 37%). An interesting change is that, [compared to 2013 figures](http://www.endchildpoverty.org.uk/images/ecp/Report_on_child_poverty_map_2014.pdf), child poverty in some areas of London seems to have been reduced. In 2013, three London boroughs had 40-50 per cent of children in poverty (AHC). In the last quarter of 2015, only Tower Hamlets, the local authority with the highest proportion of child poverty in the UK, has a child poverty rate in this range (43%). Nevertheless, four of the five local authorities where poverty is highest remain in London.

Focusing on a more local level (Table 3), in 21 electoral wards more than 50 per cent of children live in poverty after housing costs.

**Table 2 Top 20 local authorities with highest levels of child poverty across the UK**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Local Authority** | **% of children in poverty 2015****(after housing costs)** |
| 1. Tower Hamlets
 | 43.5% |
| 1. Manchester
 | 40.0% |
| 1. Westminster
 | 37.7% |
| 1. Islington
 | 37.7% |
| 1. Newham
 | 37.5% |
| 1. Birmingham
 | 37.4% |
| 1. Hackney
 | 37.1% |
| 1. Middlesbrough
 | 37.0% |
| 1. Nottingham
 | 37.0% |
| 1. Southwark
 | 36.7% |
| 1. Barking and Dagenham
 | 36.6% |
| 1. Lambeth
 | 36.1% |
| 1. Leicester
 | 35.9% |
| 1. Blackpool
 | 35.5% |
| 1. Kingston upon Hull, City of
 | 35.4% |
| 1. Camden
 | 35.2% |
| 1. Sandwell
 | 34.9% |
| 1. Lewisham
 | 34.7% |
| 1. Waltham Forest
 | 34.6% |
| 1. Wolverhampton
 | 34.6% |

**Table 3 Electoral wards with the highest levels of child poverty across the UK**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Ward name** | **% of children in poverty 2015 (after housing costs)** | **Parliamentary Constituency** |
| 1. Princes Park
 | 54.8% | Liverpool, Riverside |
| 1. Rhyl West
 | 54.8% | Vale of Clwyd |
| 1. Westgate
 | 53.6% | Newcastle upon Tyne Central |
| 1. Portsoken
 | 53.4% | Cities of London and Westminster |
| 1. Moss Side
 | 52.5% | Manchester Central |
| 1. Pillgwenlly
 | 52.3% | Newport West |
| 1. Picton
 | 52.2% | Liverpool, Wavertree |
| 1. Rush Green
 | 52.0% | Clacton |
| 1. East
 | 52.0% | West Tyrone |
| 1. University
 | 52.0% | Middlesbrough |
| 1. Gresham
 | 51.5% | Middlesbrough |
| 1. Coolessan
 | 51.2% | East Londonderry |
| 1. Pen-y-waun
 | 51.1% | Cynon Valley |
| 1. University
 | 51.1% | Lancaster and Fleetwood |
| 1. Pier
 | 50.8% | Clacton |
| 1. Bloomfield
 | 50.8% | Blackpool South |
| 1. Hyde Park and Woodhouse
 | 50.8% | Leeds Central |
| 1. Coldhurst
 | 50.6% | Oldham West and Royton |
| 1. Cathays
 | 50.5% | Cardiff Central |
| 1. Nechells
 | 50.1% | Birmingham, Ladywood |
| 1. Queensway
 | 50.0% | Wrexham |

**Where child poverty is lowest**

The parliamentary constituencies with the lowest levels of child poverty (AHC) are Gordon, West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine, Sheffield Hallam, and York Outer, with figures between 9 and 10 per cent (Table 4). The constituency of Theresa May (Maidenhead) is among the 20 with the lowest child poverty.

At the local authority level (Table 5), only Wokingham and Shetland Island have child poverty rates of around 10 percent, once housing costs have been taken into account.

**Table 4 Top 20 parliamentary constituencies with lowest levels of child poverty across the UK**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Constituency** | **% of children in poverty 2015****(after housing costs)** |
| 1. Gordon
 | 9.2% |
| 1. West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine
 | 9.9% |
| 1. Sheffield, Hallam
 | 10.0% |
| 1. York Outer
 | 10.3% |
| 1. Wokingham
 | 11.0% |
| 1. Buckingham
 | 11.8% |
| 1. North East Hampshire
 | 11.9% |
| 1. Hitchin and Harpenden
 | 12.1% |
| 1. East Dunbartonshire
 | 12.2% |
| 1. Orkney and Shetland
 | 12.2% |
| 1. Henley
 | 12.2% |
| 1. Haltemprice and Howden
 | 12.5% |
| 1. North Somerset
 | 12.6% |
| 1. South Northamptonshire
 | 12.7% |
| 1. South West Surrey
 | 12.9% |
| 1. Winchester
 | 12.9% |
| 1. Witney
 | 13.1% |
| 1. Maidenhead
 | 13.2% |
| 1. Rushcliffe
 | 13.2% |
| 1. Horsham
 | 13.2% |

**Table 5 Top 20 local authorities with lowest levels of child poverty across the UK**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Local Authority** | **% of children in poverty 2015****(after housing costs)** |
| 1. Wokingham
 | 10.4% |
| 1. Shetland Islands
 | 10.6% |
| 1. Ribble Valley
 | 11.3% |
| 1. Hart
 | 11.9% |
| 1. South Northamptonshire
 | 12.5% |
| 1. Harborough
 | 12.7% |
| 1. Waverley
 | 12.8% |
| 1. Aberdeenshire
 | 13.1% |
| 1. South Oxfordshire
 | 13.1% |
| 1. West Oxfordshire
 | 13.1% |
| 1. Mid Sussex
 | 13.3% |
| 1. Mole Valley
 | 13.3% |
| 1. Rushcliffe
 | 13.3% |
| 1. St Albans
 | 13.7% |
| 1. South Cambridgeshire
 | 13.8% |
| 1. Uttlesford
 | 13.8% |
| 1. Chiltern
 | 13.8% |
| 1. Rutland
 | 13.9% |
| 1. Richmond upon Thames
 | 13.9% |
| 1. Horsham
 | 14.0% |

**The local indicators in this report:**

The figures presented in this report are based on tax credit data, used to estimate the percentage of children on low incomes in local authorities, parliamentary constituencies and wards across the UK. They also use national trends in worklessness to estimate recent changes in the number of children who are in poverty because their parents have lost their jobs, to update the local tax credit data which is more than two years old.

This is not a direct measure of exactly how many children are in poverty on the official definition, but is based on the closest to an equivalent measure we have of local levels of child poverty. The data have been adjusted to produce figures compatible with the measures derived from the national survey of income, showing how many children live in households with below 60 per cent of median income. Specifically, the adjustments ensure that the total reported level of child poverty, before and after housing costs, is similar when adding up all the local figures as the official national totals. Thus, the local data gives an idea of the relative poverty levels in different areas, but are adjusted to estimate what these actual levels would be if they could be measured on the same basis as the national household income survey.

The local data starts by classifying children in poverty if they live in families in receipt of out of work benefits or in receipt of in-work tax credits where their reported family income is less than 60 per cent of median income. This indicator, compiled officially as a local estimate of child poverty, has been reported for August 2013 by HMRC. However, on its own it is provides an inaccurate picture of actual child poverty, considerably overstating the numbers in out-of-work poverty and understating the numbers in working poverty. While these factors may balance out overall, they can seriously misrepresent the overall trend where working and non-working poverty change in different ways, as well as misrepresenting local differences where working poverty is relatively more important in some areas than others. Therefore, the figures include an upward adjustment in the in-work figure and a downward adjustment in the out-of-work figure. The adjustments are made separately to for AHC and BHC estimates, in each case according to how the total of the local estimates compare to the actual national measure. Figures are then updated, taking into account Labour Force Survey data on the number of children in non-working households for the final quarter of 2015.

A [methodology paper](http://www.endchildpoverty.org.uk/images/ecp/paper_explaining_calculations_and_method_to_ECP.pdf) provides more details about the calculations.

**Regional child poverty figures**

**East of England**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Babergh** | 20.4% |
| **Basildon** | 26.1% |
| **Bedford** | 25.3% |
| **Braintree** | 20.1% |
| **Breckland** | 23.4% |
| **Brentwood** | 18.2% |
| **Broadland** | 17.1% |
| **Broxbourne** | 23.2% |
| **Cambridge** | 22.1% |
| **Castle Point** | 22.9% |
| **Central Bedfordshire** | 18.5% |
| **Chelmsford** | 18.2% |
| **Colchester** | 22.5% |
| **Dacorum** | 18.9% |
| **East Cambridgeshire** | 15.8% |
| **East Hertfordshire** | 14.5% |
| **Epping Forest** | 21.1% |
| **Fenland** | 26.7% |
| **Forest Heath** | 23.7% |
| **Great Yarmouth** | 31.7% |
| **Harlow** | 25.5% |
| **Hertsmere** | 18.0% |
| **Huntingdonshire** | 17.3% |
| **Ipswich** | 28.3% |
| **King's Lynn and West Norfolk** | 24.7% |
| **Luton** | 32.7% |
| **Maldon** | 19.5% |
| **Mid Suffolk** | 16.7% |
| **North Hertfordshire** | 17.5% |
| **North Norfolk** | 23.5% |
| **Norwich** | 32.7% |
| **Peterborough** | 29.8% |
| **Rochford** | 16.0% |
| **South Cambridgeshire** | 13.8% |
| **South Norfolk** | 18.1% |
| **Southend-on-Sea** | 28.3% |
| **St Albans** | 13.7% |
| **St Edmundsbury** | 18.1% |
| **Stevenage** | 25.6% |
| **Suffolk Coastal** | 17.8% |
| **Tendring** | 30.8% |
| **Three Rivers** | 16.6% |
| **Thurrock** | 26.4% |
| **Uttlesford** | 13.8% |
| **Watford** | 21.5% |
| **Waveney** | 27.7% |
| **Welwyn Hatfield** | 20.2% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Basildon and Billericay** | 25.3% |
| **Bedford** | 30.0% |
| **Braintree** | 20.2% |
| **Brentwood and Ongar** | 19.0% |
| **Broadland** | 18.3% |
| **Broxbourne** | 22.7% |
| **Bury St Edmunds** | 17.9% |
| **Cambridge** | 22.9% |
| **Castle Point** | 22.9% |
| **Central Suffolk and North Ipswich** | 18.0% |
| **Chelmsford** | 19.1% |
| **Clacton** | 35.7% |
| **Colchester** | 25.9% |
| **Epping Forest** | 21.6% |
| **Great Yarmouth** | 31.7% |
| **Harlow** | 24.5% |
| **Harwich and North Essex** | 19.6% |
| **Hemel Hempstead** | 22.6% |
| **Hertford and Stortford** | 14.5% |
| **Hertsmere** | 18.0% |
| **Hitchin and Harpenden** | 12.1% |
| **Huntingdon** | 17.6% |
| **Ipswich** | 28.3% |
| **Luton North** | 30.7% |
| **Luton South** | 34.2% |
| **Maldon** | 18.5% |
| **Mid Bedfordshire** | 13.5% |
| **Mid Norfolk** | 20.4% |
| **North East Bedfordshire** | 17.6% |
| **North East Cambridgeshire** | 25.9% |
| **North East Hertfordshire** | 19.2% |
| **North Norfolk** | 24.2% |
| **North West Cambridgeshire** | 21.6% |
| **North West Norfolk** | 25.6% |
| **Norwich North** | 26.7% |
| **Norwich South** | 30.3% |
| **Peterborough** | 32.2% |
| **Rayleigh and Wickford** | 14.8% |
| **Rochford and Southend East** | 32.9% |
| **Saffron Walden** | 14.9% |
| **South Basildon and East Thurrock** | 28.1% |
| **South Cambridgeshire** | 14.1% |
| **South East Cambridgeshire** | 13.7% |
| **South Norfolk** | 18.5% |
| **South Suffolk** | 20.4% |
| **South West Bedfordshire** | 22.6% |
| **South West Hertfordshire** | 13.5% |
| **South West Norfolk** | 24.8% |
| **Southend West** | 21.6% |
| **St Albans** | 15.5% |
| **Stevenage** | 24.3% |
| **Suffolk Coastal** | 21.5% |
| **Thurrock** | 27.5% |
| **Watford** | 20.8% |
| **Waveney** | 27.9% |
| **Welwyn Hatfield** | 20.6% |
| **West Suffolk** | 20.6% |
| **Witham** | 17.6% |

**East Midlands**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Amber Valley** | 22.6% |
| **Ashfield** | 27.8% |
| **Bassetlaw** | 23.0% |
| **Blaby** | 14.9% |
| **Bolsover** | 26.6% |
| **Boston** | 22.9% |
| **Broxtowe** | 19.9% |
| **Charnwood** | 20.6% |
| **Chesterfield** | 26.3% |
| **Corby** | 27.0% |
| **Daventry** | 18.0% |
| **Derby** | 29.6% |
| **Derbyshire Dales** | 16.8% |
| **East Lindsey** | 29.4% |
| **East Northamptonshire** | 18.5% |
| **Erewash** | 23.0% |
| **Gedling** | 22.3% |
| **Harborough** | 12.7% |
| **High Peak** | 18.3% |
| **Hinckley and Bosworth** | 17.8% |
| **Kettering** | 22.3% |
| **Leicester** | 35.9% |
| **Lincoln** | 28.9% |
| **Mansfield** | 29.0% |
| **Melton** | 17.1% |
| **Newark and Sherwood** | 22.4% |
| **North East Derbyshire** | 21.9% |
| **North Kesteven** | 18.7% |
| **North West Leicestershire** | 19.2% |
| **Northampton** | 25.5% |
| **Nottingham** | 37.0% |
| **Oadby and Wigston** | 17.4% |
| **Rushcliffe** | 13.3% |
| **Rutland** | 13.9% |
| **South Derbyshire** | 18.0% |
| **South Holland** | 24.8% |
| **South Kesteven** | 19.3% |
| **South Northamptonshire** | 12.5% |
| **Wellingborough** | 24.0% |
| **West Lindsey** | 24.5% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Amber Valley** | 25.9% |
| **Ashfield** | 28.5% |
| **Bassetlaw** | 23.2% |
| **Bolsover** | 27.0% |
| **Boston and Skegness** | 26.7% |
| **Bosworth** | 18.3% |
| **Broxtowe** | 18.4% |
| **Charnwood** | 15.3% |
| **Chesterfield** | 25.4% |
| **Corby** | 23.4% |
| **Daventry** | 17.6% |
| **Derby North** | 25.5% |
| **Derby South** | 35.7% |
| **Derbyshire Dales** | 16.6% |
| **Erewash** | 24.3% |
| **Gainsborough** | 24.3% |
| **Gedling** | 22.9% |
| **Grantham and Stamford** | 20.2% |
| **Harborough** | 15.5% |
| **High Peak** | 18.3% |
| **Kettering** | 22.3% |
| **Leicester East** | 34.3% |
| **Leicester South** | 36.9% |
| **Leicester West** | 36.7% |
| **Lincoln** | 27.1% |
| **Loughborough** | 23.1% |
| **Louth and Horncastle** | 27.6% |
| **Mansfield** | 29.0% |
| **Mid Derbyshire** | 14.8% |
| **Newark** | 20.1% |
| **North East Derbyshire** | 22.0% |
| **North West Leicestershire** | 19.2% |
| **Northampton North** | 27.0% |
| **Northampton South** | 28.3% |
| **Nottingham East** | 39.5% |
| **Nottingham North** | 39.0% |
| **Nottingham South** | 30.7% |
| **Rushcliffe** | 13.2% |
| **Rutland and Melton** | 15.5% |
| **Sherwood** | 24.0% |
| **Sleaford and North Hykeham** | 19.1% |
| **South Derbyshire** | 18.0% |
| **South Holland and The Deepings** | 23.6% |
| **South Leicestershire** | 15.0% |
| **South Northamptonshire** | 12.7% |
| **Wellingborough** | 23.0% |

**London**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Barking and Dagenham** | 36.6% |
| **Barnet** | 26.6% |
| **Bexley** | 24.7% |
| **Brent** | 32.0% |
| **Bromley** | 21.4% |
| **Camden** | 35.2% |
| **City of London** | 18.1% |
| **Croydon** | 31.2% |
| **Ealing** | 30.1% |
| **Enfield** | 34.1% |
| **Greenwich** | 33.7% |
| **Hackney** | 37.1% |
| **Hammersmith and Fulham** | 31.0% |
| **Haringey** | 33.6% |
| **Harrow** | 26.6% |
| **Havering** | 24.7% |
| **Hillingdon** | 27.1% |
| **Hounslow** | 28.9% |
| **Islington** | 37.7% |
| **Kensington and Chelsea** | 29.0% |
| **Kingston upon Thames** | 20.4% |
| **Lambeth** | 36.1% |
| **Lewisham** | 34.7% |
| **Merton** | 24.1% |
| **Newham** | 37.5% |
| **Redbridge** | 29.7% |
| **Richmond upon Thames** | 13.9% |
| **Southwark** | 36.7% |
| **Sutton** | 21.0% |
| **Tower Hamlets** | 43.5% |
| **Waltham Forest** | 34.6% |
| **Wandsworth** | 27.3% |
| **Westminster** | 37.7% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Barking** | 36.7% |
| **Battersea** | 27.1% |
| **Beckenham** | 13.8% |
| **Bermondsey and Old Southwark** | 39.5% |
| **Bethnal Green and Bow** | 43.2% |
| **Bexleyheath and Crayford** | 25.1% |
| **Brent Central** | 37.0% |
| **Brent North** | 26.7% |
| **Brentford and Isleworth** | 26.5% |
| **Bromley and Chislehurst** | 24.4% |
| **Camberwell and Peckham** | 38.7% |
| **Carshalton and Wallington** | 23.9% |
| **Chelsea and Fulham** | 26.3% |
| **Chingford and Woodford Green** | 26.0% |
| **Chipping Barnet** | 23.2% |
| **Cities of London and Westminster** | 31.2% |
| **Croydon Central** | 32.8% |
| **Croydon North** | 35.9% |
| **Croydon South** | 21.4% |
| **Dagenham and Rainham** | 33.5% |
| **Dulwich and West Norwood** | 31.0% |
| **Ealing Central and Acton** | 29.1% |
| **Ealing North** | 29.8% |
| **Ealing, Southall** | 31.4% |
| **East Ham** | 37.5% |
| **Edmonton** | 39.2% |
| **Eltham** | 27.6% |
| **Enfield North** | 33.6% |
| **Enfield, Southgate** | 25.5% |
| **Erith and Thamesmead** | 35.4% |
| **Feltham and Heston** | 30.8% |
| **Finchley and Golders Green** | 24.7% |
| **Greenwich and Woolwich** | 34.9% |
| **Hackney North and Stoke Newington** | 34.1% |
| **Hackney South and Shoreditch** | 40.9% |
| **Hammersmith** | 33.5% |
| **Hampstead and Kilburn** | 29.8% |
| **Harrow East** | 26.4% |
| **Harrow West** | 28.6% |
| **Hayes and Harlington** | 33.2% |
| **Hendon** | 30.5% |
| **Holborn and St Pancras** | 37.9% |
| **Hornchurch and Upminster** | 23.8% |
| **Hornsey and Wood Green** | 26.2% |
| **Ilford North** | 26.6% |
| **Ilford South** | 34.9% |
| **Islington North** | 36.5% |
| **Islington South and Finsbury** | 38.9% |
| **Kensington** | 29.7% |
| **Kingston and Surbiton** | 22.1% |
| **Lewisham East** | 33.7% |
| **Lewisham West and Penge** | 33.3% |
| **Lewisham, Deptford** | 35.1% |
| **Leyton and Wanstead** | 32.6% |
| **Mitcham and Morden** | 30.0% |
| **Old Bexley and Sidcup** | 17.5% |
| **Orpington** | 20.6% |
| **Poplar and Limehouse** | 43.7% |
| **Putney** | 27.9% |
| **Richmond Park** | 14.9% |
| **Romford** | 24.7% |
| **Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner** | 18.1% |
| **Streatham** | 33.1% |
| **Sutton and Cheam** | 17.5% |
| **Tooting** | 27.0% |
| **Tottenham** | 38.4% |
| **Twickenham** | 13.8% |
| **Uxbridge and South Ruislip** | 23.7% |
| **Vauxhall** | 39.6% |
| **Walthamstow** | 36.2% |
| **West Ham** | 37.7% |
| **Westminster North** | 40.6% |
| **Wimbledon** | 15.2% |

**North East**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **County Durham** | 28.0% |
| **Darlington** | 26.3% |
| **Gateshead** | 26.7% |
| **Hartlepool** | 32.2% |
| **Middlesbrough** | 37.0% |
| **Newcastle upon Tyne** | 32.9% |
| **North Tyneside** | 24.3% |
| **Northumberland** | 23.5% |
| **Redcar and Cleveland** | 29.7% |
| **South Tyneside** | 30.1% |
| **Stockton-on-Tees** | 25.8% |
| **Sunderland** | 29.0% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Berwick-upon-Tweed** | 22.1% |
| **Bishop Auckland** | 28.8% |
| **Blaydon** | 21.9% |
| **Blyth Valley** | 25.3% |
| **City of Durham** | 24.2% |
| **Darlington** | 28.0% |
| **Easington** | 32.1% |
| **Gateshead** | 31.2% |
| **Hartlepool** | 32.2% |
| **Hexham** | 17.1% |
| **Houghton and Sunderland South** | 27.1% |
| **Jarrow** | 27.2% |
| **Middlesbrough** | 39.9% |
| **Middlesbrough South and East Cleveland** | 28.7% |
| **Newcastle upon Tyne Central** | 38.2% |
| **Newcastle upon Tyne East** | 33.8% |
| **Newcastle upon Tyne North** | 25.7% |
| **North Durham** | 26.2% |
| **North Tyneside** | 26.6% |
| **North West Durham** | 26.1% |
| **Redcar** | 31.1% |
| **Sedgefield** | 27.6% |
| **South Shields** | 32.2% |
| **Stockton North** | 30.6% |
| **Stockton South** | 21.2% |
| **Sunderland Central** | 29.5% |
| **Tynemouth** | 21.8% |
| **Wansbeck** | 27.9% |
| **Washington and Sunderland West** | 30.4% |

**North West**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Allerdale** | 21.2% |
| **Barrow-in-Furness** | 25.3% |
| **Blackburn with Darwen** | 32.5% |
| **Blackpool** | 35.5% |
| **Bolton** | 31.1% |
| **Burnley** | 31.9% |
| **Bury** | 25.3% |
| **Carlisle** | 21.6% |
| **Cheshire East** | 17.9% |
| **Cheshire West and Chester** | 21.3% |
| **Chorley** | 18.6% |
| **Copeland** | 22.6% |
| **Eden** | 17.0% |
| **Fylde** | 20.1% |
| **Halton** | 28.1% |
| **Hyndburn** | 29.5% |
| **Knowsley** | 30.7% |
| **Lancaster** | 24.5% |
| **Liverpool** | 33.9% |
| **Manchester** | 40.0% |
| **Oldham** | 33.0% |
| **Pendle** | 28.8% |
| **Preston** | 27.5% |
| **Ribble Valley** | 11.3% |
| **Rochdale** | 32.3% |
| **Rossendale** | 26.7% |
| **Salford** | 30.9% |
| **Sefton** | 25.0% |
| **South Lakeland** | 15.6% |
| **South Ribble** | 18.8% |
| **St. Helens** | 26.6% |
| **Stockport** | 20.8% |
| **Tameside** | 29.0% |
| **Trafford** | 20.6% |
| **Warrington** | 21.4% |
| **West Lancashire** | 21.4% |
| **Wigan** | 25.1% |
| **Wirral** | 26.2% |
| **Wyre** | 24.9% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Altrincham and Sale West** | 14.6% |
| **Ashton-under-Lyne** | 31.2% |
| **Barrow and Furness** | 23.7% |
| **Birkenhead** | 33.3% |
| **Blackburn** | 34.9% |
| **Blackley and Broughton** | 40.3% |
| **Blackpool North and Cleveleys** | 32.2% |
| **Blackpool South** | 36.8% |
| **Bolton North East** | 33.7% |
| **Bolton South East** | 34.3% |
| **Bolton West** | 23.4% |
| **Bootle** | 32.1% |
| **Burnley** | 31.9% |
| **Bury North** | 24.6% |
| **Bury South** | 26.0% |
| **Carlisle** | 22.4% |
| **Cheadle** | 14.3% |
| **Chorley** | 19.2% |
| **City of Chester** | 22.0% |
| **Congleton** | 15.9% |
| **Copeland** | 21.7% |
| **Crewe and Nantwich** | 22.3% |
| **Denton and Reddish** | 25.5% |
| **Eddisbury** | 20.8% |
| **Ellesmere Port and Neston** | 22.5% |
| **Fylde** | 19.4% |
| **Garston and Halewood** | 27.7% |
| **Halton** | 27.3% |
| **Hazel Grove** | 18.1% |
| **Heywood and Middleton** | 27.3% |
| **Hyndburn** | 29.5% |
| **Knowsley** | 32.6% |
| **Lancaster and Fleetwood** | 25.5% |
| **Leigh** | 24.8% |
| **Liverpool, Riverside** | 40.2% |
| **Liverpool, Walton** | 35.7% |
| **Liverpool, Wavertree** | 33.0% |
| **Liverpool, West Derby** | 31.5% |
| **Macclesfield** | 15.9% |
| **Makerfield** | 22.4% |
| **Manchester Central** | 44.8% |
| **Manchester, Gorton** | 42.0% |
| **Manchester, Withington** | 30.7% |
| **Morecambe and Lunesdale** | 26.4% |
| **Oldham East and Saddleworth** | 31.6% |
| **Oldham West and Royton** | 35.4% |
| **Pendle** | 28.8% |
| **Penrith and The Border** | 17.5% |
| **Preston** | 34.0% |
| **Ribble Valley** | 13.5% |
| **Rochdale** | 35.9% |
| **Rossendale and Darwen** | 24.8% |
| **Salford and Eccles** | 31.9% |
| **Sefton Central** | 14.5% |
| **South Ribble** | 18.4% |
| **Southport** | 24.5% |
| **St Helens North** | 27.1% |
| **St Helens South and Whiston** | 26.6% |
| **Stalybridge and Hyde** | 28.0% |
| **Stockport** | 27.2% |
| **Stretford and Urmston** | 26.6% |
| **Tatton** | 15.3% |
| **Wallasey** | 30.7% |
| **Warrington North** | 24.7% |
| **Warrington South** | 18.5% |
| **Weaver Vale** | 24.1% |
| **West Lancashire** | 22.4% |
| **Westmorland and Lonsdale** | 15.4% |
| **Wigan** | 26.7% |
| **Wirral South** | 16.7% |
| **Wirral West** | 17.6% |
| **Workington** | 22.1% |
| **Worsley and Eccles South** | 29.4% |
| **Wyre and Preston North** | 14.4% |
| **Wythenshawe and Sale East** | 30.5% |

**South East**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Adur** | 22.0% |
| **Arun** | 22.4% |
| **Ashford** | 22.9% |
| **Aylesbury Vale** | 15.6% |
| **Basingstoke and Deane** | 16.9% |
| **Bracknell Forest** | 16.5% |
| **Brighton and Hove** | 25.5% |
| **Canterbury** | 23.8% |
| **Cherwell** | 17.3% |
| **Chichester** | 19.6% |
| **Chiltern** | 13.8% |
| **Crawley** | 25.6% |
| **Dartford** | 21.8% |
| **Dover** | 29.6% |
| **East Hampshire** | 15.7% |
| **Eastbourne** | 27.9% |
| **Eastleigh** | 16.1% |
| **Elmbridge** | 14.4% |
| **Epsom and Ewell** | 14.6% |
| **Fareham** | 14.2% |
| **Gosport** | 24.7% |
| **Gravesham** | 26.5% |
| **Guildford** | 16.0% |
| **Hart** | 11.9% |
| **Hastings** | 32.0% |
| **Havant** | 26.3% |
| **Horsham** | 14.0% |
| **Isle of Wight** | 28.5% |
| **Lewes** | 22.4% |
| **Maidstone** | 20.9% |
| **Medway** | 26.5% |
| **Mid Sussex** | 13.3% |
| **Milton Keynes** | 25.0% |
| **Mole Valley** | 13.3% |
| **New Forest** | 19.0% |
| **Oxford** | 27.0% |
| **Portsmouth** | 28.9% |
| **Reading** | 24.2% |
| **Reigate and Banstead** | 15.2% |
| **Rother** | 27.3% |
| **Runnymede** | 17.3% |
| **Rushmoor** | 18.7% |
| **Sevenoaks** | 17.9% |
| **Shepway** | 29.4% |
| **Slough** | 27.0% |
| **South Bucks** | 15.5% |
| **South Oxfordshire** | 13.1% |
| **Southampton** | 29.9% |
| **Spelthorne** | 18.8% |
| **Surrey Heath** | 14.1% |
| **Swale** | 28.4% |
| **Tandridge** | 15.3% |
| **Test Valley** | 15.3% |
| **Thanet** | 34.4% |
| **Tonbridge and Malling** | 17.7% |
| **Tunbridge Wells** | 17.5% |
| **Vale of White Horse** | 14.2% |
| **Waverley** | 12.8% |
| **Wealden** | 17.5% |
| **West Berkshire** | 14.9% |
| **West Oxfordshire** | 13.1% |
| **Winchester** | 14.0% |
| **Windsor and Maidenhead** | 15.6% |
| **Woking** | 18.2% |
| **Wokingham** | 10.4% |
| **Worthing** | 21.9% |
| **Wycombe** | 18.5% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Aldershot** | 18.4% |
| **Arundel and South Downs** | 15.2% |
| **Ashford** | 23.3% |
| **Aylesbury** | 17.8% |
| **Banbury** | 17.5% |
| **Basingstoke** | 19.3% |
| **Beaconsfield** | 14.9% |
| **Bexhill and Battle** | 23.4% |
| **Bognor Regis and Littlehampton** | 24.4% |
| **Bracknell** | 16.9% |
| **Brighton, Kemptown** | 31.9% |
| **Brighton, Pavilion** | 20.8% |
| **Buckingham** | 11.8% |
| **Canterbury** | 23.4% |
| **Chatham and Aylesford** | 27.3% |
| **Chesham and Amersham** | 13.8% |
| **Chichester** | 20.2% |
| **Crawley** | 25.6% |
| **Dartford** | 21.8% |
| **Dover** | 30.3% |
| **East Hampshire** | 15.8% |
| **East Surrey** | 15.9% |
| **East Worthing and Shoreham** | 21.3% |
| **Eastbourne** | 27.4% |
| **Eastleigh** | 17.6% |
| **Epsom and Ewell** | 13.6% |
| **Esher and Walton** | 15.0% |
| **Fareham** | 14.3% |
| **Faversham and Mid Kent** | 21.8% |
| **Folkestone and Hythe** | 28.8% |
| **Gillingham and Rainham** | 25.6% |
| **Gosport** | 23.3% |
| **Gravesham** | 26.5% |
| **Guildford** | 16.4% |
| **Hastings and Rye** | 31.8% |
| **Havant** | 27.1% |
| **Henley** | 12.2% |
| **Horsham** | 13.2% |
| **Hove** | 23.8% |
| **Isle of Wight** | 28.5% |
| **Lewes** | 21.6% |
| **Maidenhead** | 13.2% |
| **Maidstone and The Weald** | 20.7% |
| **Meon Valley** | 17.0% |
| **Mid Sussex** | 13.8% |
| **Milton Keynes North** | 25.5% |
| **Milton Keynes South** | 24.5% |
| **Mole Valley** | 13.5% |
| **New Forest East** | 19.6% |
| **New Forest West** | 18.1% |
| **Newbury** | 15.4% |
| **North East Hampshire** | 11.9% |
| **North Thanet** | 30.2% |
| **North West Hampshire** | 15.4% |
| **Oxford East** | 29.4% |
| **Oxford West and Abingdon** | 14.7% |
| **Portsmouth North** | 24.7% |
| **Portsmouth South** | 33.9% |
| **Reading East** | 19.6% |
| **Reading West** | 23.6% |
| **Reigate** | 14.7% |
| **Rochester and Strood** | 24.2% |
| **Romsey and Southampton North** | 17.4% |
| **Runnymede and Weybridge** | 16.1% |
| **Sevenoaks** | 17.5% |
| **Sittingbourne and Sheppey** | 29.4% |
| **Slough** | 27.0% |
| **South Thanet** | 33.4% |
| **South West Surrey** | 12.9% |
| **Southampton, Itchen** | 30.4% |
| **Southampton, Test** | 29.2% |
| **Spelthorne** | 18.8% |
| **Surrey Heath** | 15.2% |
| **Tonbridge and Malling** | 17.3% |
| **Tunbridge Wells** | 17.4% |
| **Wantage** | 14.6% |
| **Wealden** | 17.9% |
| **Winchester** | 12.9% |
| **Windsor** | 15.0% |
| **Witney** | 13.1% |
| **Woking** | 17.7% |
| **Wokingham** | 11.0% |
| **Worthing West** | 21.9% |
| **Wycombe** | 21.3% |

**South West**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bath and North East Somerset** | 19.3% |
| **Bournemouth** | 26.3% |
| **Bristol, City of** | 27.8% |
| **Cheltenham** | 19.3% |
| **Christchurch** | 19.6% |
| **Cornwall** | 26.6% |
| **Cotswold** | 16.6% |
| **East Devon** | 20.2% |
| **East Dorset** | 17.2% |
| **Exeter** | 21.7% |
| **Forest of Dean** | 22.3% |
| **Gloucester** | 25.1% |
| **Isles of Scilly** | N/A |
| **Mendip** | 21.9% |
| **Mid Devon** | 19.9% |
| **North Devon** | 22.7% |
| **North Dorset** | 19.0% |
| **North Somerset** | 19.6% |
| **Plymouth** | 27.5% |
| **Poole** | 22.2% |
| **Purbeck** | 23.5% |
| **Sedgemoor** | 25.2% |
| **South Gloucestershire** | 16.3% |
| **South Hams** | 21.7% |
| **South Somerset** | 20.4% |
| **Stroud** | 17.1% |
| **Swindon** | 22.2% |
| **Taunton Deane** | 22.1% |
| **Teignbridge** | 20.5% |
| **Tewkesbury** | 17.5% |
| **Torbay** | 30.2% |
| **Torridge** | 26.7% |
| **West Devon** | 23.7% |
| **West Dorset** | 21.7% |
| **West Somerset** | 26.2% |
| **Weymouth and Portland** | 27.6% |
| **Wiltshire** | 18.2% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bath** | 20.1% |
| **Bournemouth East** | 25.7% |
| **Bournemouth West** | 27.6% |
| **Bridgwater and West Somerset** | 25.9% |
| **Bristol East** | 25.5% |
| **Bristol North West** | 25.1% |
| **Bristol South** | 29.3% |
| **Bristol West** | 31.0% |
| **Camborne and Redruth** | 27.6% |
| **Central Devon** | 20.7% |
| **Cheltenham** | 19.7% |
| **Chippenham** | 19.7% |
| **Christchurch** | 19.0% |
| **Devizes** | 17.4% |
| **East Devon** | 19.1% |
| **Exeter** | 22.7% |
| **Filton and Bradley Stoke** | 15.8% |
| **Forest of Dean** | 22.2% |
| **Gloucester** | 26.2% |
| **Kingswood** | 18.3% |
| **Mid Dorset and North Poole** | 17.2% |
| **Newton Abbot** | 20.9% |
| **North Cornwall** | 27.3% |
| **North Devon** | 22.7% |
| **North Dorset** | 18.6% |
| **North East Somerset** | 18.6% |
| **North Somerset** | 12.6% |
| **North Swindon** | 20.8% |
| **North Wiltshire** | 15.7% |
| **Plymouth, Moor View** | 29.9% |
| **Plymouth, Sutton and Devonport** | 31.6% |
| **Poole** | 23.4% |
| **Salisbury** | 17.2% |
| **Somerton and Frome** | 21.0% |
| **South Dorset** | 26.5% |
| **South East Cornwall** | 26.3% |
| **South Swindon** | 23.8% |
| **South West Devon** | 15.7% |
| **South West Wiltshire** | 20.8% |
| **St Austell and Newquay** | 27.2% |
| **St Ives** | 27.2% |
| **Stroud** | 17.3% |
| **Taunton Deane** | 22.1% |
| **Tewkesbury** | 16.5% |
| **The Cotswolds** | 16.3% |
| **Thornbury and Yate** | 14.6% |
| **Tiverton and Honiton** | 20.5% |
| **Torbay** | 29.2% |
| **Torridge and West Devon** | 25.5% |
| **Totnes** | 28.8% |
| **Truro and Falmouth** | 23.4% |
| **Wells** | 23.2% |
| **West Dorset** | 22.1% |
| **Weston-Super-Mare** | 25.5% |
| **Yeovil** | 20.2% |

**West Midlands**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Birmingham** | 37.4% |
| **Bromsgrove** | 15.1% |
| **Cannock Chase** | 23.1% |
| **Coventry** | 31.0% |
| **Dudley** | 26.9% |
| **East Staffordshire** | 23.5% |
| **Herefordshire, County of** | 22.4% |
| **Lichfield** | 18.6% |
| **Malvern Hills** | 21.9% |
| **Newcastle-under-Lyme** | 23.4% |
| **North Warwickshire** | 21.9% |
| **Nuneaton and Bedworth** | 24.6% |
| **Redditch** | 22.7% |
| **Rugby** | 18.9% |
| **Sandwell** | 34.9% |
| **Shropshire** | 20.5% |
| **Solihull** | 20.4% |
| **South Staffordshire** | 18.3% |
| **Stafford** | 17.5% |
| **Staffordshire Moorlands** | 18.7% |
| **Stoke-on-Trent** | 33.2% |
| **Stratford-on-Avon** | 15.8% |
| **Tamworth** | 22.7% |
| **Telford and Wrekin** | 28.2% |
| **Walsall** | 33.3% |
| **Warwick** | 15.1% |
| **Wolverhampton** | 34.6% |
| **Worcester** | 23.2% |
| **Wychavon** | 17.2% |
| **Wyre Forest** | 26.2% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Aldridge-Brownhills** | 22.4% |
| **Birmingham, Edgbaston** | 32.5% |
| **Birmingham, Erdington** | 38.2% |
| **Birmingham, Hall Green** | 40.5% |
| **Birmingham, Hodge Hill** | 43.7% |
| **Birmingham, Ladywood** | 47.3% |
| **Birmingham, Northfield** | 32.6% |
| **Birmingham, Perry Barr** | 35.5% |
| **Birmingham, Selly Oak** | 31.5% |
| **Birmingham, Yardley** | 35.2% |
| **Bromsgrove** | 15.1% |
| **Burton** | 24.5% |
| **Cannock Chase** | 23.1% |
| **Coventry North East** | 34.9% |
| **Coventry North West** | 26.6% |
| **Coventry South** | 29.5% |
| **Dudley North** | 31.4% |
| **Dudley South** | 27.0% |
| **Halesowen and Rowley Regis** | 25.9% |
| **Hereford and South Herefordshire** | 22.9% |
| **Kenilworth and Southam** | 13.3% |
| **Lichfield** | 17.5% |
| **Ludlow** | 21.2% |
| **Meriden** | 23.8% |
| **Mid Worcestershire** | 17.1% |
| **Newcastle-under-Lyme** | 23.9% |
| **North Herefordshire** | 21.8% |
| **North Shropshire** | 21.7% |
| **North Warwickshire** | 22.3% |
| **Nuneaton** | 25.4% |
| **Redditch** | 22.3% |
| **Rugby** | 19.1% |
| **Shrewsbury and Atcham** | 19.3% |
| **Solihull** | 16.3% |
| **South Staffordshire** | 18.4% |
| **Stafford** | 18.8% |
| **Staffordshire Moorlands** | 19.4% |
| **Stoke-on-Trent Central** | 35.9% |
| **Stoke-on-Trent North** | 32.9% |
| **Stoke-on-Trent South** | 29.3% |
| **Stone** | 15.8% |
| **Stourbridge** | 24.7% |
| **Stratford-on-Avon** | 16.4% |
| **Sutton Coldfield** | 14.0% |
| **Tamworth** | 22.4% |
| **Telford** | 31.5% |
| **The Wrekin** | 22.6% |
| **Walsall North** | 36.1% |
| **Walsall South** | 36.7% |
| **Warley** | 37.6% |
| **Warwick and Leamington** | 16.4% |
| **West Bromwich East** | 33.4% |
| **West Bromwich West** | 34.6% |
| **West Worcestershire** | 21.2% |
| **Wolverhampton North East** | 34.7% |
| **Wolverhampton South East** | 37.9% |
| **Wolverhampton South West** | 29.1% |
| **Worcester** | 23.2% |
| **Wyre Forest** | 26.2% |

**Yorkshire and the Humber**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Barnsley** | 27.8% |
| **Bradford** | 32.7% |
| **Calderdale** | 27.8% |
| **Craven** | 16.1% |
| **Doncaster** | 30.1% |
| **East Riding of Yorkshire** | 19.6% |
| **Hambleton** | 16.6% |
| **Harrogate** | 14.3% |
| **Kingston upon Hull, City of** | 35.4% |
| **Kirklees** | 27.2% |
| **Leeds** | 27.3% |
| **North East Lincolnshire** | 32.0% |
| **North Lincolnshire** | 27.2% |
| **Richmondshire** | 16.0% |
| **Rotherham** | 28.3% |
| **Ryedale** | 20.6% |
| **Scarborough** | 27.6% |
| **Selby** | 18.5% |
| **Sheffield** | 29.3% |
| **Wakefield** | 26.8% |
| **York** | 17.6% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Barnsley Central** | 27.7% |
| **Barnsley East** | 30.1% |
| **Batley and Spen** | 27.2% |
| **Beverley and Holderness** | 19.6% |
| **Bradford East** | 38.3% |
| **Bradford South** | 34.4% |
| **Bradford West** | 37.2% |
| **Brigg and Goole** | 22.5% |
| **Calder Valley** | 22.1% |
| **Cleethorpes** | 27.6% |
| **Colne Valley** | 22.4% |
| **Dewsbury** | 27.2% |
| **Don Valley** | 28.1% |
| **Doncaster Central** | 30.5% |
| **Doncaster North** | 31.3% |
| **East Yorkshire** | 24.2% |
| **Elmet and Rothwell** | 15.5% |
| **Great Grimsby** | 35.1% |
| **Halifax** | 32.4% |
| **Haltemprice and Howden** | 12.5% |
| **Harrogate and Knaresborough** | 14.2% |
| **Hemsworth** | 27.2% |
| **Huddersfield** | 32.3% |
| **Keighley** | 24.3% |
| **Kingston upon Hull East** | 33.3% |
| **Kingston upon Hull North** | 35.8% |
| **Kingston upon Hull West and Hessle** | 34.8% |
| **Leeds Central** | 41.8% |
| **Leeds East** | 35.5% |
| **Leeds North East** | 23.3% |
| **Leeds North West** | 18.9% |
| **Leeds West** | 33.4% |
| **Morley and Outwood** | 16.8% |
| **Normanton, Pontefract and Castleford** | 28.0% |
| **Penistone and Stocksbridge** | 16.1% |
| **Pudsey** | 14.8% |
| **Richmond (Yorks)** | 17.2% |
| **Rother Valley** | 23.0% |
| **Rotherham** | 35.4% |
| **Scarborough and Whitby** | 27.5% |
| **Scunthorpe** | 29.8% |
| **Selby and Ainsty** | 18.2% |
| **Sheffield Central** | 34.9% |
| **Sheffield South East** | 29.2% |
| **Sheffield, Brightside and Hillsborough** | 39.7% |
| **Sheffield, Hallam** | 10.0% |
| **Sheffield, Heeley** | 29.4% |
| **Shipley** | 18.9% |
| **Skipton and Ripon** | 15.0% |
| **Thirsk and Malton** | 19.4% |
| **Wakefield** | 27.9% |
| **Wentworth and Dearne** | 27.2% |
| **York Central** | 24.4% |
| **York Outer** | 10.3% |

**Northern Ireland**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Antrim** | 19.2% |
| **Ards** | 21.3% |
| **Armagh** | 23.2% |
| **Ballymena** | 20.7% |
| **Ballymoney** | 23.3% |
| **Banbridge** | 19.3% |
| **Belfast** | 30.6% |
| **Carrickfergus** | 21.7% |
| **Castlereagh** | 15.4% |
| **Coleraine** | 25.7% |
| **Cookstown** | 23.6% |
| **Craigavon** | 22.0% |
| **Derry 13** | 33.1% |
| **Down** | 22.7% |
| **Dungannon** | 22.6% |
| **Fermanagh** | 24.4% |
| **Larne** | 21.4% |
| **Limavady** | 30.8% |
| **Lisburn** | 20.9% |
| **Magherafelt** | 22.2% |
| **Moyle** | 25.1% |
| **Newry and Mourne** | 27.9% |
| **Newtownabbey** | 20.7% |
| **North Down** | 18.6% |
| **Omagh** | 25.0% |
| **Strabane** | 29.7% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Belfast East** | 22.4% |
| **Belfast North** | 32.9% |
| **Belfast South** | 20.1% |
| **Belfast West** | 33.6% |
| **East Antrim** | 20.6% |
| **East Londonderry** | 27.3% |
| **Fermanagh and South Tyrone** | 22.9% |
| **Foyle** | 33.8% |
| **Lagan Valley** | 16.9% |
| **Mid Ulster** | 23.4% |
| **Newry and Armagh** | 27.4% |
| **North Antrim** | 22.1% |
| **North Down** | 19.0% |
| **South Antrim** | 18.2% |
| **South Down** | 22.9% |
| **Strangford** | 20.9% |
| **Upper Bann** | 22.0% |
| **West Tyrone** | 27.0% |

**Scotland**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Aberdeen City** | 18.2% |
| **Aberdeenshire** | 13.1% |
| **Angus** | 20.6% |
| **Argyll and Bute** | 20.4% |
| **Clackmannanshire** | 27.3% |
| **Dumfries and Galloway** | 24.3% |
| **Dundee City** | 27.7% |
| **East Ayrshire** | 28.0% |
| **East Dunbartonshire** | 14.2% |
| **East Lothian** | 20.3% |
| **East Renfrewshire** | 14.5% |
| **Edinburgh, City of** | 22.0% |
| **Eileanan an Iar** | 17.6% |
| **Falkirk** | 22.0% |
| **Fife** | 25.0% |
| **Glasgow City** | 34.1% |
| **Highland** | 19.2% |
| **Inverclyde** | 27.9% |
| **Midlothian** | 22.5% |
| **Moray** | 17.2% |
| **North Ayrshire** | 30.4% |
| **North Lanarkshire** | 25.0% |
| **Orkney Islands** | 14.1% |
| **Perth and Kinross** | 18.2% |
| **Renfrewshire** | 23.6% |
| **Scottish Borders** | 21.0% |
| **Shetland Islands** | 10.6% |
| **South Ayrshire** | 25.7% |
| **South Lanarkshire** | 22.0% |
| **Stirling** | 18.8% |
| **West Dunbartonshire** | 26.5% |
| **West Lothian** | 22.8% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Aberdeen North** | 23.0% |
| **Aberdeen South** | 15.7% |
| **Airdrie and Shotts** | 28.2% |
| **Angus** | 23.3% |
| **Argyll and Bute** | 20.4% |
| **Ayr, Carrick and Cumnock** | 30.0% |
| **Banff and Buchan** | 18.9% |
| **Berwickshire, Roxburgh and Selkirk** | 22.7% |
| **Caithness, Sutherland and Easter Ross** | 23.0% |
| **Central Ayrshire** | 27.0% |
| **Coatbridge, Chryston and Bellshill** | 22.6% |
| **Cumbernauld, Kilsyth and Kirkintilloch East** | 22.2% |
| **Dumfries and Galloway** | 24.8% |
| **Dumfriesshire, Clydesdale and Tweeddale** | 20.0% |
| **Dundee East** | 22.7% |
| **Dundee West** | 27.9% |
| **Dunfermline and West Fife** | 21.0% |
| **East Dunbartonshire** | 12.2% |
| **East Kilbride, Strathaven and Lesmahagow** | 19.6% |
| **East Lothian** | 20.3% |
| **East Renfrewshire** | 14.5% |
| **Edinburgh East** | 27.3% |
| **Edinburgh North and Leith** | 23.7% |
| **Edinburgh South** | 18.5% |
| **Edinburgh South West** | 23.4% |
| **Edinburgh West** | 17.5% |
| **Na h-Eileanan an Iar** | 17.6% |
| **Falkirk** | 21.1% |
| **Glasgow Central** | 39.2% |
| **Glasgow East** | 33.7% |
| **Glasgow North** | 31.0% |
| **Glasgow North East** | 37.6% |
| **Glasgow North West** | 33.2% |
| **Glasgow South** | 29.3% |
| **Glasgow South West** | 33.4% |
| **Glenrothes** | 30.6% |
| **Gordon** | 9.2% |
| **Inverclyde** | 27.9% |
| **Inverness, Nairn, Badenoch and Strathspey** | 17.7% |
| **Kilmarnock and Loudoun** | 26.7% |
| **Kirkcaldy and Cowdenbeath** | 27.7% |
| **Lanark and Hamilton East** | 23.7% |
| **Linlithgow and East Falkirk** | 23.1% |
| **Livingston** | 23.0% |
| **Midlothian** | 22.5% |
| **Moray** | 17.2% |
| **Motherwell and Wishaw** | 26.1% |
| **North Ayrshire and Arran** | 29.3% |
| **North East Fife** | 18.4% |
| **Ochil and South Perthshire** | 21.7% |
| **Orkney and Shetland** | 12.2% |
| **Paisley and Renfrewshire North** | 22.0% |
| **Paisley and Renfrewshire South** | 25.2% |
| **Perth and North Perthshire** | 19.7% |
| **Ross, Skye and Lochaber** | 18.0% |
| **Rutherglen and Hamilton West** | 23.0% |
| **Stirling** | 18.8% |
| **West Aberdeenshire and Kincardine** | 9.9% |
| **West Dunbartonshire** | 26.5% |

**Wales**

Percentage of children in poverty (after housing costs)

**By Local Authority**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Blaenau Gwent/ Blaenau Gwent** | 32.2% |
| **Bridgend/ Pen-y-bont ar Ogwr** | 29.8% |
| **Caerphilly/ Caerffili** | 28.3% |
| **Cardiff/ Caerdydd** | 32.2% |
| **Carmarthenshire/ Sir Gaerfyrddin** | 28.7% |
| **Ceredigion/ Ceredigion** | 26.1% |
| **Conwy/ Conwy** | 26.9% |
| **Denbighshire/ Sir Ddinbych** | 27.6% |
| **Flintshire/ Sir y Fflint** | 22.6% |
| **Gwynedd/ Gwynedd** | 23.1% |
| **Isle of Anglesey/Ynys Môn** | 26.9% |
| **Merthyr Tydfil/ Merthyr Tudful** | 31.4% |
| **Monmouthshire/ Sir Fynwy** | 20.6% |
| **Neath Port Talbot/ Castell-nedd Port Talbot** | 29.3% |
| **Newport/ Casnewydd** | 30.8% |
| **Pembrokeshire/ Sir Benfro** | 27.2% |
| **Powys/ Powys** | 21.5% |
| **Rhondda Cynon Taf/Rhondda Cynon Taf** | 29.2% |
| **Swansea/ Abertawe** | 27.9% |
| **The Vale of Glamorgan/ Bro Morgannwg** | 24.7% |
| **Torfaen/ Tor-faen** | 28.7% |
| **Wrexham, Wrecsam** | 25.8% |

**By Parliamentary Constituency**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Aberavon** | 32.9% |
| **Aberconwy** | 24.6% |
| **Alyn and Deeside** | 21.6% |
| **Arfon** | 23.9% |
| **Blaenau Gwent** | 32.2% |
| **Brecon and Radnorshire** | 20.6% |
| **Bridgend** | 27.7% |
| **Caerphilly** | 28.9% |
| **Cardiff Central** | 34.2% |
| **Cardiff North** | 18.3% |
| **Cardiff South and Penarth** | 36.1% |
| **Cardiff West** | 33.1% |
| **Carmarthen East and Dinefwr** | 27.9% |
| **Carmarthen West and South Pembrokeshire** | 27.7% |
| **Ceredigion** | 26.1% |
| **Clwyd South** | 26.1% |
| **Clwyd West** | 26.6% |
| **Cynon Valley** | 33.8% |
| **Delyn** | 23.7% |
| **Dwyfor Meirionnydd** | 22.3% |
| **Gower** | 20.0% |
| **Islwyn** | 26.6% |
| **Llanelli** | 29.8% |
| **Merthyr Tydfil and Rhymney** | 31.8% |
| **Monmouth** | 21.2% |
| **Montgomeryshire** | 22.2% |
| **Neath** | 25.7% |
| **Newport East** | 30.5% |
| **Newport West** | 28.6% |
| **Ogmore** | 30.4% |
| **Pontypridd** | 22.7% |
| **Preseli Pembrokeshire** | 26.6% |
| **Rhondda** | 32.7% |
| **Swansea East** | 33.2% |
| **Swansea West** | 29.3% |
| **Torfaen** | 29.5% |
| **Vale of Clwyd** | 29.7% |
| **Vale of Glamorgan** | 26.7% |
| **Wrexham** | 25.6% |
| **Ynys Môn** | 26.9% |

[[1]](#endnote-1)

1. End Child Poverty is hosted by Child Poverty Action Group.

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